

CLAIMS

1. A method of forming a field-effect transistor on a substrate, said method comprising steps of:

forming a buffer layer on said substrate, said buffer layer comprising ALD

5 silicon dioxide;

forming a high-k dielectric layer over said buffer layer.

2. The method of claim 1 further comprising a step of forming a gate electrode layer over said high-k dielectric layer.

10

3. The method of claim 1 wherein said step of forming said buffer layer comprises utilizing a silicon tetrachloride precursor in an atomic layer deposition process.

15 4. The method of claim 1 wherein said buffer layer comprises substantially no pin-hole defects.

5. The method of claim 1 wherein said buffer layer has a thickness less than approximately 5.0 Angstroms.

20

6. The method of claim 2 wherein said gate electrode layer comprises polycrystalline silicon.

7. The method of claim 1 wherein said high-k dielectric layer is selected from the group consisting of hafnium oxide, zirconium oxide, and aluminum oxide.

5 8. A method for forming a field effect transistor on a substrate, said method comprising a step of forming a buffer layer on said substrate, said method being characterized by:

forming a high-k dielectric layer on said buffer layer, wherein said buffer layer comprises ALD silicon dioxide.

10

9. The method of claim 8 further comprising a step of forming a gate electrode layer over said high-k dielectric layer.

10. The method of claim 8 wherein said step of forming said buffer layer
15 comprises utilizing a silicon tetrachloride precursor in an atomic layer deposition process.

11. The method of claim 8 wherein said buffer layer comprises substantially no pin-hole defects.

20

12. The method of claim 8 wherein said buffer layer has a thickness less than approximately 5.0 Angstroms.

13. The method of claim 9 wherein said gate electrode layer comprises polycrystalline silicon.

5 14. The method of claim 8 wherein said high-k dielectric layer is selected from the group consisting of hafnium oxide, zirconium oxide, and aluminum oxide.

15. A field effect transistor situated on a substrate, said field effect transistor comprising:

10 a buffer layer situated on a substrate, said buffer layer comprising ALD silicon dioxide;

a high-k dielectric layer situated on said buffer layer;

a gate electrode layer situated on said high-k dielectric layer.

15 16. The field effect transistor of claim 15 wherein said buffer layer comprises substantially no pin-hole defects.

17. The field effect transistor of claim 15 wherein said buffer layer has a thickness less than approximately 5.0 Angstroms.

20

18. The field effect transistor of claim 15 wherein said buffer layer has a uniform thickness on said substrate.

19. The field effect transistor of claim 15 wherein said gate electrode layer comprises polycrystalline silicon.

5 20. The field effect transistor of claim 15 wherein said high-k dielectric layer is selected from the group consisting of hafnium oxide, zirconium oxide, and aluminum oxide.